BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2011 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

	Columbus Light & Water	
	Public Water Supply Name	
	044-0003	
	List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR	
The confi	ederal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a consumence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CC was mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.	er R
Plea	Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report	
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	
	 □ Advertisement in local paper □ On water bills □ Other 	
	Date customers were informed://	
Ţ.	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:	
	Date Mailed/Distributed: 6 B0 /2012	
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)	
	Name of Newspaper:	
	Date Published:/ /	
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)	
	Date Posted: / /	
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www	
CER	<u>TIFICATION</u>	
I here the fe consi Depa	by certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and tent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi Statement of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.	in is te
Nam	TORS 6/30/12 Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) Date	
1 4 W 171		
	Mail Completed Form to: Russau of Public Water Supply/P O. Roy 1700/Jackson MS 30215	

Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 Phone: 601-576-7518 Hayslett said area residents benefit from the base and its personnel economically, culturally and socially. "The air base brings people to the community who have different experiences, and knowledge. When you bring people in because of the nature of their job and who have more experiences than some of us have had, that floats all boats up. It's good for the community."

"In addition, the amount of money spent locally turns over several times. Consider the footprint of people tied to the base in Lowndes and another four or five adjoining counties. Now add the several thousand retirees who would not be here if not for the air base. They live close because of the benefits. That's an economic benefit to the people who run retail businesses in the community," said Hayslett.

Mayor Robert Smith echoes Hayslett's sentiments. "The relationship between the city and the base is a win-win for every citizen of Columbus. As one of our largest employers, the base has 1,583 military personnel and another 1,415 civilians," he said. Overall, Mississippi's military bases contribute an estimated \$2.5 billion annual to the state's economy and employ 33,730 active and reserve personnel.

Mayor Smith said Columbus Light & Water has been an instrumental partner. "We appreciate the working relationship between CL&W, the city and the base." That partnership will be relied upon again in the coming years.



U.S. Senator Roger Wicker poses with Nancy and Col. Barre Seguin, 14th Flying Training Wing Commander before the Columbus Air Force Base 70th Anniversary banquet on March 9. Wicker, a retired Air Force Reserve Officer, was assigned as a legal officer at Columbus AFB early in his career. The Seguin's donned vintage period dress, including the Army Air Corp uniform for the gala. (U.S. Air Force Photo/Tammi Baudoin)

Columbus Light & Water Gives Back

Performance results of Residential & Commercial Incentives Program

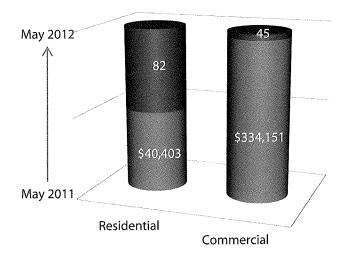
Last year, Columbus Light & Water's utility board approved an initiative to enhance TVA's Energy Right program by offering its customers (residential and commercial) additional cash incentives for successfully participating in energy evaluations and improvements. Residential customers were eligible to receive an additional 50% of each improvement cost up to \$500 paid by Columbus Light & Water.

From May 2011 to May 2012, Columbus Light and Water paid out \$40,403 to 82 customers who invested \$199,990 in energy improvements through the In-Home Energy Evaluation Program.

Commercial and Industrial customers also received financial incentives from TVA and Columbus Light and Water for participating in the Energy Right program. From May 2011 to May 2012, commercial and industrial customers received \$334,151 for 45 projects eligible for energy improvements.

For more information about the Energy Right program, visit www.columbuslw.com.

CLW Customer Cash Payout



■ Rebate ■ # of participants/project

Water Quality Data Table & Test Results

WHERE DO WE GET OUR WATER?

Our underground water is pumped from eight wells drawing from the massive sand of the lower Tuscaloosa Aquifer.

SOURCE WATER PROTECTION

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to identify potential sources of contamination and determine the overall susceptibility of the drinking water supply. Susceptibility assessment has been completed and all wells have ranked moderate by the MDEQ for vulnerability to contamination.

CONTACT US

As a valued customer, we want you to be informed about your water utility. If you have any questions, please contact Columbus Light & Water at 662-328-7192, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

WATER QUALITY

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemical and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

TESTING

The Columbus Light & Water Department routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and Mississippi state laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2011. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2011, the table reflects the most recent results. As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and state requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected, however the EPA has determined that your water is safe at these levels.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. ABC Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water,

you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Additional Information for Fluoridation

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", our system is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year that average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 12. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 100%.

Additional Information for Radiological Sampling In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 – December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has not completed the monitoring requirements. The Bureau of Public Water Supply has taken action to ensure that your water system be returned to compliance by March 31, 2013. If you have any questions, please contact Melissa Parker, Deputy Director, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601-576-7518.

SPECIAL POPULATIONS

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer under ongoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate ways to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline: 1-800-426-4791.

At Columbus Light & Water we work around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. Please call our office if you have any questions. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.



www.columbuslw.com

DISINFECTION BYPRODUCTS Chlorine N 2.10 RAA 4.0 mg/L Water additive used to confinence of the con	er disinfection er disinfection refineries; fire retardants; er runoff from orchards, ics production wastes ; discharge from metal I deposits eries & coal-burning
2.10 max. mg/L 1.90 min. mg/L Total Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) N 2011 1.0 ppb 0.060 ppm Byproduct of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct Of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct Of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct Of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct Of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct Of drinking Water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct Of drinking Water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct Of drinking Water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct Of Drinking Water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct Of Drinking Water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm	er disinfection er disinfection refineries; fire retardants; er runoff from orchards, ics production wastes ; discharge from metal I deposits eries & coal-burning
Total Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) N 2011 1.0 ppb 0.060 ppm Byproduct of drinking water Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct of drinking water	er disinfection refineries; fire retardants; r runoff from orchards, ics production wastes ; discharge from metal I deposits eries & coal-burning
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) N 2011 1.75 ppb 0.080 ppm Byproduct of drinking water	er disinfection refineries; fire retardants; r runoff from orchards, ics production wastes ; discharge from metal I deposits eries & coal-burning
INORGANIC CHEMICALS	r runoff from orchards, ics production wastes ; discharge from metal I deposits vries & coal-burning
	r runoff from orchards, ics production wastes ; discharge from metal I deposits vries & coal-burning
Antimony N 2009 <0.0005 ppm 0.006 ppm Discharge from petroleum	runoff from orchards, ics production wastes ; discharge from metal I deposits vries & coal-burning
ceramics; electronics; solde	ics production wastes ; discharge from metal I deposits rries & coal-burning
	; discharge from metal I deposits rries & coal-burning
Barium N 2009 0.009171 ppm* 2 ppm Discharge of drilling wastes	eries & coal-burning
0.019249 ppm** refineries; erosion of natura	
factories; discharge from ek	
defense industries	
Cadmium N 2009 <0.0005 ppm 0.005 ppm Corrosion of galvanized pip deposits; discharge from m from waste batteries & pain	etal refineries; runoff
Chromium N 2009 <0.0005 ppm 0.1 ppm Discharge from steel and po natural deposits	a tanàna ao amin'ny faritr'i Augustia. Ny faritr'i Augustiana ao amin'ny faritr'i Augustia. Ny faritr'i Augustia
Cyanide N 2009 <0.015 ppm 0.2 ppm Discharge from steel/metal	plastic & fertilizer factories
Fluoride N 2009 0.863 ppm* 4 ppm Water additive which prom 0.838 ppm** erosion of natural deposits; & aluminum factories	
Lead N 2010 1 ppb 15 ppb Corrosion of household plu of natural deposits	mbling systems; Erosion
Mercury N 2009 <0.0005 ppm 0.002 ppm Erosion of natural deposits; d and factories; runoff from la	
Nitrate N 2011 <0.08 ppm*/** 10 ppm Runoff from fertilizer use, le tanks/sewage, erosion of na	aching from septic
Nitrite N 2011 <0.02 ppm*/** 1 ppm Runoff from fertilizer use, le tanks/sewage, erosion of na	aching from septic
Nitrate+Nitrite N 2011 <0.1 ppm*/** 10 ppm Runoff from fertilizer use, le	aching from septic
tanks/sewage, erosion of na Selenium N 2009 <0.0025 ppm 0.05 ppm Discharge from petroleum i	efineries; erosion of
natural deposits; discharge Thallium N 2009 <0.0005 ppm 0.002 ppm Leaching from ore-processi from electronics, glass & dru	ng sites; discharge
ORGANIC CHEMICALS	ig lactories
Benzene N 2009 <0.5 ppb 5 ppb Discharge from factories; lea tanks & landfills	ching from gas storage
Carbon Tetrachloride N 2009 < 0.5 ppb 5 ppb Discharge from chemical pla	nts & industrial activities
	or pharmaceutical industries
Dichloromethane N 2009 <0.05ppb 5ppb	
Dichlorobenzene N 2004 <0.5 ppb 5 ppb Discharge from industrial of	
O-Dichlorobenzene N 2009 <0.5 ppb 600 ppb Discharge from industrial c P-Dichlorobenzene N 2009 <0.5 ppb 75 ppb Discharge from industrial c	
1, 2-Dichloroethane N 2009 <0.5 ppb 5 ppb Discharge from industrial c	
1, 1-Dichloroethylene N 2009 <0.5 ppb 7 ppb Discharge from industrial c	
1, 2-Dichloropropane N 2009 <0.5 ppb 5 ppb Discharge from industrial c	
Ethylbenzene N 2009 <0.5 ppb 700 ppb Discharge fom petroleum r	
Monochlorobenzene N 2009 <0.5 ppb 100 ppb Discharge from paint, glass	
Tetrachloroethylene N 2009 <0.5 ppb 5 ppb Discharge from factories & c Trans- 1, 2-Dichloroethylene N 2009 <0.5 ppb 100 ppb Discharge from industrial ch	
Trans- 1, 2-Dichloroethylene N 2009 <0.5 ppb 100 ppb Discharge from industrial ch 1, 1, 1-Trichloroethane N 2009 <0.5 ppb 200 ppb Discharge from metal degr	
Trichloroethylene N 2009 <0.5 ppb 5 ppb Discharge from metal degr	
1, 1, 2-Trichloroethane N 2009 <0.5 ppb 5 ppb Discharge from industrial c	
1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene N 2009 <0.5 ppb 70 ppb Discharge from textile finis	
Toluene N 2009 <0.5 ppb 1000 ppb Discharge from petroleum	
Styrene N 2009 <0.5 ppb 100 ppb Discharge from rubber & pla from landfills	ostic factories; leaching
	charge from plastic factories & chemical factories

^{*} Treatment Plant North | ** Treatment Plant South | MCL = maximum contaminant level | ppm = parts per million | ppb= parts per billion | mg/L= milligrams per liter | RAA = Running Annual Average

P.O. Box 949 Columbus, Mississippi 39703 Telephone: (662) 328-7192 Fax: (662) 243-7408

June 29, 2012

Ms. Joan Cockrell Mississippi State Dept. of Health Division of Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215-1700

Dear Ms. Cockrell:

Attached is the completed Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form. The CCR have been mailed to customers via newsletter. A copy of this newsletter will be mailed to you.

If you have any questions, please give me a call.

Sincerely,

Todd Gale, General Manager

Attachment: